# **SLOUGH BOROUGH COUNCIL**

REPORT TO:	Slough Wellbeing Board DATE:	20 July 2016				
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WARD(S):	All					

## PART I FOR INFORMATION

#### BETTER CARE FUND – 4<sup>th</sup> QUARTER REPORT

#### 1. Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report is to inform the Slough Wellbeing Board (SWB) of the Quarter four outturn of the Better Care Fund (BCF) Plan for 2015/16 and provide a summary annual report to the Board.

# 2. <u>Recommendation/Proposed Action</u>

The Wellbeing Board is requested to note the report.

# 3. The Slough Joint Wellbeing Strategy, the JSNA and the Five Year Plan

#### 3a. Slough Joint Wellbeing Strategy Priorities

The Better Care Fund programme is developed and managed between the local authority and CCG together with other delivery partners aims to improve, both directly and indirectly, the wellbeing outcomes of the people of Slough against all the priorities of the strategy but especially the Health priority.

#### 3b. Five Year Plan Outcomes

The Better Care programme will contribute towards the outcome of more people taking responsibility and managing their own health, care and support needs.

#### 4. Other Implications

#### (a) Financial

These are as outlined in the May report. In summary the total value of the BCF Pooled Budget in 2015-16 was £8.762m. This has increased to £9.035m in 2016-17. The expenditure plan is across 31 separate schemes between the partners of the pooled budget agreement. These are listed within the report in appendix A.

# (b) Risk Management

This is as outlined within the May report. The Joint Commissioning Board continues to oversee and monitor the risk register for the BCF programme.

## (c) Human Rights Act and Other Legal Implications

No Human Rights implications arise.

There are legal implications arising from how funds are used, managed and audited within a Pooled Budget arrangement under section 75 of the NHS Act 2006.

The Care Act 2014 provides the legislative basis for the Better Care Fund by providing a mechanism that allows the sharing of NHS funding with local authorities.

## (d) Equalities Impact Assessment

The BCF aims to improve outcomes and wellbeing for the people of Slough through effective protection of social care and integrated activity to reduce emergency and urgent health demand. Impact assessments are undertaken as part of planning of any new scheme or project to ensure that there is a clear understanding of how various groups are affected.

#### (e) Workforce

There are significant workforce development implications within the programme as we move forward with integration which leads to new ways of working in partnership with others. Changes will be aligned together with other change programme activities such as that described in the New Vision of Care being led across the East of Berkshire and the Social Care transformation within Adult Social Care services in SBC.

# 5. Supporting Information

The quarter four and summary annual report marks the end of the reporting and monitoring the Slough BCF programme for 2015/16.

The BCF Plan for 2016/17 was submitted to NHS England on 3 May 2016. It was presented to the Board on 11 May has now been formally approved by NHS England following a national assurance process.

# 6. Comments of Other Committees

The report has been presented to the Slough Health and Adult Social Care Partnership Delivery Group and there no proposed comments or amendments proposed and received positive support.

# 7. Conclusion

This report accompanies the reporting outlining the quarter four and annual report on the 2015/16 Better Care Fund programme.

The plan 2016/17 will continue to be actively managed through the Joint Commissioning Board with regular progress updates to the Slough Wellbeing Board.

# 8. Appendices Attached

'A' - Slough Quarter Four and summary Annual Report 2015/16

# 9. Background Papers

None

# Appendix A.

# Slough Better Care Fund Quarter Four and Annual Report 2015/16

## **Summary**

Overall the Slough BCF programme has been a catalyst and driver towards more integrated working in Slough and through it we have developed strong governance and encouraged open discussion around pressures and priorities together with shared decision making. It has also had good clinical engagement both at a strategic and operational level from GPs and provider partners.

The BCF programme performed well in 2015/16 both in terms of its achievements against the Performance metrics and national conditions. It achieved a 1.43% reduction in non-elective (unplanned) admissions in 2015 from the same period in 2014, which is a significant achievement when profiled against the pattern of activity in most other Wellbeing Board areas in the South of England. However, the pattern of NEL activity is increasing in this year and we want to increase the scale and scope of our programme to achieve greater impact.

For 2016/17 whilst progressing on existing work within our programme we are looking for further integration and joint working across our organisational and geographical boundaries that support the ambitions of both our BCF and the New Vision of Care Programme that will take us further towards a more integrated health and social care system in Slough and East Berkshire.

# Slough BCF 2015/16 – Quarter 4 report

The financial outturn of our BCF Pooled Budget was a balanced position for the end of the year. There were some variances to the financial plan arising from closure, late starts and slippage. Regular financial monitoring together with programme planning and scheduling meant we were able to forecast and plan for this so as to make effective use of all the pooled funds and support other areas of activity and pilot schemes. All changes were discussed and agreed through the Joint Commissioning Board and formalised through a contract variation to the Pooled Budget agreement.

In performance terms there was an overall impact on NEL activity and some of this evidenced to specific BCF schemes. In other areas we achieved the target of maintaining our low rate of admissions to care homes and achieved improvements in extending our offer of reablement to a greater number of older people being discharged from hospital, although our success rate has dropped slightly (to 88%) as a result.

Slough's performance on delayed transfers of care (DToC) has been variable within the year and was seen to rise in Q3 and Q4 reporting 30% and 33% above our plan. However, overall numbers are still low in Slough in comparison to the national picture. Our BCF plan for 2016/17 requires us to have a DToC plan to being around further improvement and so work is in hand to improve in this area across the system. This includes improving our understanding through better data and analysis, and informing our commissioning activity for out of hospital services to improve patient flow and reduce length of stay where possible. The BCF programme has had regular oversight by the Slough Wellbeing Board with quarterly reports presented to the committee on progress and activity as well as to the Health Scrutiny Panel which ensures visibility and alignment of BCF with other change and transformation programmes. This includes the established links with the reforms that are taking place in social care coming from changes through the Care Act and a shift to asset based approach, and the New Vision of Care design and modelling work happening across the East of Berkshire that will shape and inform integration at a local level.

There has been positive feedback from our partners on the Joint Commissioning Board, including acute, voluntary sector and Healthwatch, on having the opportunity to hold transparent and open debate on proposed use of BCF funding and being able to actively contribute and influence the direction of travel. The governance of Slough's BCF has been held as an exemplar by NHSE.

#### Performance within individual schemes

There has been significant positive impact evidence from several projects that we will continue to evaluate and build on for 2016/17. These are:

Children's Community Respiratory Service	Slough has focused in this area in recognition that significant NEL activity is from u18s, particularly around asthma and respiratory problems. Changes in the way that this are managed at practice level and supported by Community Respiratory Nurses have reduced non-elective activity by 14% from our April 2014 baseline
Care Homes	The pilot project of a bespoke programme for local Care Homes together with additional GP support which has delivered significant reductions in NEL from Care Homes (up to 50%) as well as providing improved quality of care and positive patient and family experience.
Telehealth	A small pilot project which has been targeted at patients with COPD and HF and has seen marked reduction in NEL and outpatient follow up. This is giving significant return on investment, as well as having positive feedback from patients and giving additional capacity community nursing staff as a result.
Falls	This pilot project has been commissioned with Solutions for Health and whilst only
Prevention	operating a few months has started to demonstrate impact against admissions due to falls, currently 9% below our April 2014 baseline.
Complex Care	Carrying out complex case finding and targeting interventions at those most at risk of an
Management	admission has started to show significant impact on reduction in admissions amongst this cohort. In the second month of the scheme it has shown 17% reduction in non-elective
	admissions and 24% reduction in A&E attendances for those identified.

#### BCF 2016/17 Policy and Planning

The <u>BCF Policy Framework</u> for 2016/17 has some key changes which included:

- Payment for Performance Framework removed and replaced with 2 new national Conditions
  - 1. Requirement to use to monies previously allocated to P4P for investment in NHS Out of Hospital Services (including Social Care)
  - 2. Jointly agreed action plan for reducing DToC
- A reduced amount of detail required for the assurance process

BCF Plans are also required to demonstrate that they are aligned with other programmes of work including new models of care (e.g. New Vision of Care) and form part of the

Sustainability and Transformation Plan, set out within the NHS Five Year Forward Plan and delivery of 7-day services.

The Slough BCF Plan was submitted NHS England on 3 May 2016 and now been approved following a national assurance process against the criteria and conditions laid out within the policy framework.

# Slough BCF Plan 2016/17

The BCF Delivery Group used the BCF self-assessment tool to reflect on 2015/16 and help plan towards 2016/17. From this we:

- i) identified areas of activity that are performing well in order to build and develop these
- ii) identified projects that have been slow to get off the ground and provide additional resource and/or linking and scheduling with other planned project activity and
- iii) identified areas which aren't performing so well and take steps to review, evaluate or redesign

As outlined above we were able to identify areas of projected underspend early and ensure that this was reinvested in other areas of activity. These investments had business plans developed and supported through the shared decision making of the Joint Commissioning Board.

These additional investments in 2015/16 include:

- **Complex Case Management** using AGC tool to carry out risk stratification and support GPs in identifying and supporting those at risk (see above)
- **Responder service** this provided a quick response to people who are in need and use Care line services as an alternative to ambulance callouts.

We now also have several over new areas of investment into BCF schemes for 2016/17 which form part of our programme and commissioning activity to achieve person-centred integrated care. These are:

- Integrated Cardio Prevention Programme (£151k) A business case has been developed and approved to commission an integrated cardiovascular prevention service for Slough aiming at reducing early deaths from cardiovascular disease
- **Out of Hospital Transformation (£200k)** Investment identified to support the transformation of a range of services that provide short term support to people at home and in the community to support people to leave hospital in a timely way and/or avoid an unnecessary admission to hospital.
- **Care Homes enhanced GP support (£110k)** This investment will be used to commission an enhanced GP service to registered Care Homes in Slough to deliver improved quality of care including care planning, support and training.
- **Dementia Care Advisor (£30k)** this is an existing scheme which is now funded through BCF and provides advice and support to those newly diagnosed with dementia as well as their carers and families.

 Integration in local community hubs (£272k) – this programme is at an early stage but will support the work to provide local services at local community and neighbourhood level linking closely link with the Social Care Reform and Out of Hospital programmes.

For 2016/17 there has also been an increase in investment for equipment of £260k for both health and social care (£130k for each partner) as well as some additional funding through the Disabled Facilities Grant (£368k). We will also be establishing in this year our integrated point of referral for professionals into short term services through the existing Health Hub (£150k).

Mike Wooldridge BCF Programme Manager 24/6/2016

# Slough BCF Expenditure Plan 2016/17

							New or	Total	Part or	1		Τ	l		
							2016/17 existing	2015/16 (if	Full						
Workstream	No.	Scheme	Scheme type	Area of spend	Commissioner	Provider	Expenditure scheme		Budget	RISK	Category	CCG Fund	CCG Pay	SBC Fund	SBC pay
Proactive Care	1	Enhanced 7 day working	7 day working	Other	CCG	CCG	99,000 Existing	99,000	Part	CCG	1	99,000	99,000		
	2	Complex Case Management	Personalised support/ care at home	Primary Care	CCG	CCG	60,000 Existing	60,000	Part	CCG	1	60,000	60,000		
	3	Falls Prevention	Personalised support/ care at home	Other	Local Authority	Private Sector	50,000 Existing	50,000	Full	SBC	1	50,000			50,000
	4	Stroke	Personalised support/ care at home	Other	Local Authority	Charity/Voluntary Sector	57,000 Existing	50,000	Full	SBC	1	57,000			57,000
	5	Dementia Care Advisor	Personalised support/ care at home	Other	Local Authority	Charity/Voluntary Sector	30,000 New		Full	SBC	1	30,000			30,000
	6	Children's Respiratory Care	Personalised support/ care at home	Community Health	CCG	NHS Acute Provider	95,000 Existing	88,000	Full	CCG	1	95,000	95,000		
	7	Proactive Care (children)	Personalised support/ care at home	Other	CCG	CCG	127,000 Existing	177,000	Full	CCG	1	127,000	127,000		
Single Point of Access	8	Single Point of Access (Integrated Hub)	Integrated care teams	Community Health	CCG	NHS Community Provider	150,000 Existing	50,000	Full	CCG	1	150,000	150,000		
Integrated Care	9	Telehealth	Assistive Technologies	Social Care	Local Authority	Private Sector	50,000 Existing	25,000	Full	SBC	1	50,000			50,000
Ì	10	Telecare	Assistive Technologies	Social Care	Local Authority	Private Sector	62,000 Existing	62,000	Part	SBC	3	62,000			62,000
	11	Disabled Facilities Grant	Personalised support/ care at home	Social Care	Local Authority	Private Sector	775.074 Existing	407,000	Full	SBC	4			775.074	775.074
	12	RRR Service (reablement and intermediate care)	Reablement services	Social Care	Local Authority	Local Authority	2.184.000 Existing	2,184,000	Part	SBC	3	2,184,000			2,184,000
	13	Joint Equipment Service	Personalised support/ care at home	Social Care	CCG	Private Sector	793,000 Existing	533,000				793,000	663,000		130,000
	14	Nursing Care Placements	Improving healthcare services to care homes	Social Care	Local Authority	Private Sector	400,000 Existing	400,000		SBC	3	400.000			400.000
	15	Care Homes - enhanced GP support	Improving healthcare services to care homes	Primary Care	CCG	CCG	110.000 New		Full	CCG	1	110,000	110.000		
		Domiciliary Care	Personalised support/ care at home	Social Care	Local Authority	Private Sector	30.000 Existing	30,000		SBC	3	30.000			30.000
	17	Integrated Care Services / ICT	Integrated care teams		CCG	NHS Community Provider		748,000		ALL	2	748.000	748.000		
	18	Intensive Community Rehabilitation	Reablement services	Social Care	Local Authority	Local Authority	82.000 Existing	82,000		ALL	3	82.000	140,000		82.000
	19	Intensive Community Rehabilitation	Reablement services		CCG	NHS Community Provider		170,000		ALL	3	170.000			170.000
	20	Responder Service	Personalised support/ care at home	Social Care	Local Authority	Private Sector	60,000 New	110,000	Full	SBC	1	60.000			60.000
	20	Out of Hospital Transformation (integrated short term			Local Autionty		00,000 1001	-	1 uii			00,000			00,000
	21	services)	Integrated care teams	Other	Joint	Local Authority	200.000 New		Full	ALL	2	200,000			200.000
	22	Integration (local Wellbeing Hubs)	Integrated care teams		Joint	Local Authority	272.000 New		Full	ALL	2	272.000			272.000
	23	Digital roadmap - Connected Care	Integrated care teams	Other	Joint	Private Sector	172.000 Existing	208,000		CCG	1	172,000	172.000	****	212,000
	23	Integrated Cardiac prevention programme	Integrated care teams	3	Local Authority	NHS Community Provider		200,000	Full	SBC	1	150,500	172,000		150.500
	24			Community Health	Local Authonity	NHS Community Provider	150,500 New	-	Full	SBC		150,500			150,500
Community Capacity	25	Carers	Support for carers	Social Care	Local Authority	Charity/Voluntary Sector	196,000 Existing	196,000	dama and the second	SBC	3	196,000			196,000
		EoL Night Sitting Service	Personalised support/ care at home	Community Health	CCG	Charity/Voluntary Sector	14,000 Existing	14,000		CCG	3	14,000	14,000		
	27	Community Capacity	Personalised support/ care at home	Social Care	Local Authority	Charity/Voluntary Sector	200,000 Existing	200,000	Part	ALL	3	200,000			200,000
Enablers	28	Programme Management Office & Governance	Other	Other	Joint	Local Authority	260,000 Existing	260,000	Full	ALL	2	260,000			260,000
Other	29	Contingency (risk share)	Other	Other	CCG	NHS Acute Provider	542,000 Existing	867,000	) Full	ALL	2	542,000	542,000		
		Care Act funding	Personalised support/ care at home	Social Care	Local Authority	Local Authority	296,000 Existing	317,000		SBC	3	296.000			296.000
		Additional Social Care protection	Personalised support/ care at home	Social Care	Local Authority	Local Authority	600.000 Existing	483.000	1	SBC	3	600.000			600.000
	31	nuclional Social Gale protection	r croonaiseu support care at nome	Social Cale	Local Authonity	Local Authonity	9,034,574	403,000	Fail	300	3	8,259,500	2,780,000	775,074	

1 Entire scheme funded within BCF - risk with one partner

2 Entire scheme funded within BCF - risk with both partners

3 Fixed contribution towards a larger budget held by one partner

4 Capital spend – ring fenced